## BEFORE THE UTAH STATE TAX COMMISSION

PETITIONER,

Petitioner,

VS.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, UTAH,

Respondent.

**ORDER** 

Appeal No. 07-0063

Parcel No. #####

Tax Type: Property Tax/Locally Assessed

Tax Year: 2006

Judge: Jensen

## **Presiding:**

Clinton Jensen, Administrative Law Judge

**Appearances:** 

For Petitioner: PETITIONER REPRESENTATIVE

For Respondent: RESPONDENT REPRESENTATIVE, from the Salt Lake County

Assessor's Office

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Petitioner brings this appeal from the decision of the Salt Lake County Board of Equalization. This matter was argued in an Initial Hearing on June 18, 2007. Petitioner is appealing the market value of the subject property as set by Respondent for property tax purposes. The lien date at issue in this matter is January 1, 2006.

#### APPLICABLE LAW

All tangible taxable property shall be assessed and taxed at a uniform and equal rate on the basis of its fair market value, as valued on January 1, unless otherwise provide by law. (Utah Code Ann. Sec. 59-2-103 (1).)

"Fair market value" means the amount at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts. (Utah Code Ann. 59-2-102(11).)

Utah Code Ann. §59-2-1006(1) provides that "[a]ny person dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization concerning the assessment and equalization of any property,

or the determination of any exemption in which the person has an interest, may appeal that decision to the commission . . . . "

Any party requesting a value different from the value established by the county board of equalization has the burden to establish that the market value of the subject property is other than the value determined by the county board of equalization.

To prevail, a party requesting a value that is different from that determined by the county board of equalization must (1) demonstrate that the value established by the county board of equalization contained error, and (2) provide the Commission with a sound evidentiary basis for reducing the value established by the county board of equalization to the amount proposed by the party. *Nelson v. Bd. Of Equalization of Salt Lake County*, 943 P.2d 1354 (Utah 1997), *Utah Power & Light Co. v. Utah State Tax Commission*, 530 P.2d. 332 (Utah 1979).

## **DISCUSSION**

The subject property is parcel no. #####, located at ADDRESS in CITY Utah. The County Assessor had set the value of the subject property, as of the lien date, at \$\$\$\$\$. The County Board of Equalization sustained the value. Petitioner requests that the value be reduced to \$\$\$\$\$. Respondent requests that the value set by the County Board of Equalization be reduced to \$\$\$\$\$.

The subject property consists of a 1.86-acre lot improved with a contemporary style residence. The residence was 8 years old and built of very good quality of construction. It has 6,608 square feet above grade and a basement of 3,780 square feet of which 3,591 are finished. There is also a four-car garage. The County considered the residence to be in very good condition.

Petitioner has the burden of proof in this matter and must demonstrate not only an error in the valuation set by the County Board of Equalization, but also provide an evidentiary basis to support a new value. In this matter, Petitioner provided evidence of the sales of five comparable properties with sale dates from November 2005 to May 2006. Petitioner's comparable sales had lot sizes from .26 of an acre to .33 of an acre. The square footages of the homes on Petitioner's comparables were from 4,289 to 6,211 square feet. The information that Petitioner presented did not give separate information for basement square footage and above-grade area, so the Commission is without data to show how much of the area of Petitioner's comparables is above grade. The selling prices of Petitioner's comparables were between \$\$\$\$\$ and \$\$\$\$\$\$.

Respondent provided an appraisal, prepared by RESPONDENT REPRESENTATIVE. It was the appraiser's conclusion that the value for the subject property as of the lien date at issue

was \$\$\$\$\$. The appraiser relied on four comparable sales with sale dates from March 2005 to September 2005. The county's comparable sales had lot sizes from .35 of an acre to .54 of an acre. The county did not propose value adjustment for lot sizes, because the lot sizes of the county's comparable properties approximated the usable space in the subject parcel. The county appraiser provided size information on above-grade and basement size for each of the county's comparables and made adjustment for differences in factors such as size, time of sale, basement finish. After taking these differences into account, the county's comparable sales had adjusted selling prices from \$\$\$\$\$ to \$\$\$\$.

Reviewing the evidence submitted by the parties, the Commission finds the comparable sales provided by the county to be more persuasive than those submitted by Petitioner. The county's comparable properties provide a better match of lot size of the subject. The detail provided regarding above-grade and basement sizes in the county's comparables allows for a better comparison to the subject parcel. There is thus a sound evidentiary basis for the county's proposed value of \$\$\$\$\$.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

Based upon the foregoing, the Tax Commission finds that the value of the subject property as of January 1, 2006 is \$\$\$\$\$. The Salt Lake County Auditor is ordered to adjust its records in accordance with this decision. It is so ordered.

This Decision does not limit a party's right to a Formal Hearing. Any party to this case may file a written request within thirty (30) days of the date of this decision to proceed to a Formal Hearing. Such a request shall be mailed to the address listed below and must include the Petitioner's name, address, and appeal number:

Utah State Tax Commission Appeals Division 210 North 1950 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84134

Failure to request a Fo	ormal Hearing will preclude	e any further appeal rights in this matter.
DATED this da	ay of	_, 2007.
		Clinton Jensen
		Administrative Law Judge

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