

R877. Tax Commission, Motor Vehicle Enforcement.

R877-23V. Motor Vehicle Enforcement.

R877-23V-7. Misleading Advertising Pursuant to Utah Code Ann. Section 41-3-210.

(1)(a) "Advertisement" means any oral, written, graphic, or pictorial statement made that concerns the offering of a motor vehicle for sale or lease.

(b) "Advertisement" includes any statement or representation:

(i) made in a newspaper, magazine, electronic medium, or other publication;

(ii) made on radio or television;

(iii) appearing in any notice, handbill, sign, billboard, banner, poster, display, circular, pamphlet, letter, or other printed material;

(iv) contained in any window sticker or price tag; and

(v) in any oral statement.

(c) "Advertisement" includes the terms "advertise" and "advertising".

(d) "Advertisement" does not include:

(i) a statement made solely for the purpose of obtaining motor vehicle financing or a motor vehicle title; or

(ii) hand written negotiation sheets between a dealer and a customer of the dealer.

(2) Violation of any of the following standards of practice for the advertising and selling of motor vehicles is a violation of Section 41-3-210.

(a) Accuracy. Any advertised statements and offers about a motor vehicle as to year, make, model, type, condition, equipment, price, trade-in-allowance, terms, and so forth, shall be clearly set forth and based upon facts.

(b) Bait. Bait advertising and selling practices may not be used. A motor vehicle advertised at a specific price shall be in the possession of the advertiser at the address given. It shall be willingly shown, demonstrated and sold. If sold, the advertiser shall, upon request of any prospective purchaser, peace officer, or employee of the division, show sales records of the advertised motor vehicle.

(c)(i)(A) Price. When the price or payment of a motor vehicle is quoted, the motor vehicle shall be clearly identified as to make, year, model and if new or used. Except as provided in Subsection (c)(i)(B), the advertised price must include charges that the customer must pay for the motor vehicle, including freight or destination charges, dealer preparation, and dealer handling.

(B) The following fees are not required to be included in the advertised price that the customer must pay for the motor vehicle:

(I) dealer document fees;

(II) if optional, undercoating or rustproofing fees; and

(III) taxes or fees required by the state or a county, including sales tax, titling and registration fees, safety and emission fees, and waste tire recycling fees.

(ii) In addition to other advertisements, this pertains to price statements such as "\$.... Buys".

(iii) When "list", "sticker", or words of similar import are used in an advertisement, they may refer only to the manufacturer's suggested retail price. If a supplementary price sticker is used, the advertised price must include all items listed on the supplementary sticker.

(iv) If the customer requests and receives a temporary permit, the temporary permit fee need not be included in the advertised price.

(d) Savings and Discount Claims. Because the intrinsic value of a used motor vehicle is difficult to establish, specific claims of savings may not be used in an advertisement. This includes statements such as, "Was priced at \$....., now priced at \$....."

(i) The word "wholesale" may not be used in retail motor vehicle advertising.

(ii) When a motor vehicle advertisement contains an offer of a discount on a new motor vehicle, the amount of the discount must be stated by reference to the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the motor vehicle.

(e) Down Payments. The amount of the down payment may not be stated in a manner that suggests that it is the selling price of the motor vehicle. If an advertisement states "You can buy with no money down", or terms of similar import, the customer must be able to leave the dealership with the motor vehicle without making any outlay of money.

(f) Trade-in Allowance. Statements representing that no other dealer grants greater allowances for trade-ins may not be used. A specific trade-in amount or range of trade-in amounts may not be used in advertising.

(g)(i)(A) Finance. The phrases, "no finance charge", "no carrying charge", or similar expressions may not be used when there is a charge for placing the transaction on a time payment basis. Statements representing or implying that no prospective credit purchaser will be rejected because of inability to qualify for credit, such as "we accept all credit applications", may not be used.

(B) If the amount of the advertised payment changes during the term of the loan, both the payments and the terms of the loan must be disclosed together.

(ii) The phrase "we will pay off your trade no matter what you owe" may not be used.

(h) Unpaid Balance and Repossessions. The term "repossessed" may be used only to describe motor vehicles that have actually been repossessed from a purchaser. Advertisers offering repossessed motor vehicles for sale may be required to offer proof of those repossessions. The unpaid balance shall be the full selling price unless otherwise stated.

(i) Current Used. When a used motor vehicle, as defined by Section 41-3-102, of a current series is advertised, the first line of the advertisement must contain the word "used", "pre-owned", "certified used", "certified pre-owned", or other similar term used to designate a used motor vehicle, or the text must clearly indicate that the motor vehicle offered is used.

(j) Demonstrators, Executives' and Officials' Motor Vehicles.

(i) "Demonstrator" means a motor vehicle that has never been sold or leased to a member of the public.

(ii) Demonstrator motor vehicles include motor vehicles used by new motor vehicle dealers or their personnel for demonstrating performance ability but not motor vehicles purchased or leased by dealers or their personnel and used as their personal motor vehicles.

(iii) A demonstrator motor vehicle may be advertised for sale only by a dealer franchised for the sale of that make of new motor vehicle.

(iv) An executive's or official's motor vehicle shall have been used exclusively by an executive of the dealer's franchising manufacturer or distributor, or by an executive of the franchised dealership. These motor vehicles may not have been sold or leased to a member of the public prior to the appearance of the advertisement.

(v) Demonstrator's, executive's and official's motor vehicles shall be clearly and prominently advertised as such. Advertisements shall include the year, make, and model of the motor vehicle offered for sale.

(k) Taxi-cabs, Police, Sheriff, and Highway Patrol Motor Vehicles. Taxi-cabs, police, sheriff, and highway patrol motor vehicles shall be so identified. These motor vehicles may not be described by an ambiguous term such as "commercial".

(l) Mileage Statements. When an advertisement quotes the number of miles or a range of miles a motor vehicle has been driven, the dealer must have written evidence that the motor vehicle has not been operated in excess of the advertised mileage.

(i) The evidence required by this section shall be the properly completed odometer statement required by Section 41-1a-902.

(ii) If a dealer chooses to advertise specific mileage or a range of miles a motor vehicle has been driven, the dealer shall upon request of any prospective purchaser, peace officer, or employee of the division produce all documents in its possession pertaining to that motor vehicle so that the mileage can be readily verified.

(m) Underselling Claims. Unsupported underselling claims may not be used. Underselling claims include the following: "our prices are guaranteed lower than elsewhere", "money refunded if you can duplicate our values", "we guarantee to sell for less", "we sell for less", "we purchase motor vehicles for less so we can sell them for less", "highest trade-in allowance", "we give \$300 more in trade than any other dealers". Evidence of supported underselling claims must be contained in the advertisement and shall be produced upon request of a prospective purchaser, peace officer, or employee of the division.

(n) Free. "Free" may be used in advertising only when the advertiser is offering a gift that is not conditional on the purchase of any property or service.

(o) Driving Trial. A free driving trial means that the purchaser may drive the motor vehicle during the trial period and return it to the dealer within the specified period and obtain a refund of all moneys, signed agreements, or other considerations deposited and a return of any motor vehicle traded in. The exact terms and conditions of the free driving trial shall be set forth in writing and a copy given to the purchaser at the time of the sale.

(p) Guaranteed. When words such as "guarantee", "warranty", or other terms implying protection are used in advertising, an explanation of the time and coverage of the guarantee or warranty shall be given in clear and concise language. The purchaser shall be provided with a written document stating the specific terms and coverage.

(q) Name Your Own Deal. Statements such as "write your own deal", "name your own price", "name your own monthly payments", "appraise your own motor vehicle", and phrases of similar import may not be used.

(r) Disclosure of Material Facts. Disclosures of material facts that are contained in advertisements and that involve types of motor vehicles and transactions shall be made in a clear and conspicuous manner.

(i) Fine print, and mouse print are not acceptable methods of disclosing material facts.

(ii) The disclosure must be made in a typeface and point size comparable to the smallest typeface and point size of the text used throughout the body of the advertisement.

(iii) An asterisk may be used to give additional information about a word or term, however, asterisks or other reference symbols may not be used as a means of contradicting or substantially changing the meaning of any advertising statements.

(s) Lease. When an advertisement relates to a lease, the advertisement must make it readily apparent that the transaction advertised is a lease.

(i) The word "lease" must appear in a prominent position in the advertisement in a typeface and point size comparable to the largest text used to directly advertise the motor vehicle.

(ii) Statements that do not use the term "lease" do not constitute adequate disclosure of a lease.

(iii) Lease advertisements may not contain the phrase "no down payment" or words of similar import if an outlay of money is required to lease the motor vehicle.

(iv) Lease terms that are not available to the general public may not be included in advertisements directed at the general public.

(v) Limitations and qualifications applicable to the lease terms advertised shall be clearly and conspicuously disclosed.

(t) Electronic Medium Disclosures. A disclosure appearing in any electronic advertising medium must clearly and conspicuously feature all necessary information in a manner that can be read and understood if type is used, or that can be heard and understood if audio is used.

(u) Invoice or Cost. The terms "invoice" or "factory invoice" may be used as long as the dealer is willing to show the factory invoice to the prospective buyer. The term "cost" may not be used.

(v) Rebate Offers. "Rebate", "cash rebate", or similar terms may be used only when it is clearly and conspicuously stated who is offering the rebate.

(w) Buy-down Interest Rates. No buy-down interest rate may be advertised unless the dealer discloses the amount of dealer contribution and states that the contribution by the dealership may increase the negotiated price of the motor vehicle.

(x) Special Status of Dealership. A motor vehicle advertisement may not falsely imply that the dealer has a special sponsorship, approval status, affiliation, or connection with the manufacturer that is greater or more direct than any other like dealer.

(y) Price Equaling. An advertisement that expresses a policy of matching or bettering competitor's prices shall fully disclose any conditions that apply and specify the evidence a consumer must present to take advantage of the offer. The evidence requirement may not place an unreasonable burden on the consumer; however, for example requiring the consumer to bring a written offer made to that consumer by an authorized representative of a dealership on a substantially similar motor vehicle would be considered reasonable.

(z) Auction. "Auction" or "auction special" and other terms of similar import may be used only in connection with motor vehicles offered or sold at a bona fide auction.

(aa) Layout and Type Size. The layout, headlines, illustrations, or type size of a printed advertisement and the broadcast words or pictures of radio, television, or electronic medium advertisements may not convey or permit an erroneous or misleading impression as to which motor vehicle or motor vehicles are offered at featured prices.

(i) When an advertisement contains a picture of a motor vehicle along with a quoted price, the motor vehicle pictured must be a similar model with similar options and accessories as the motor vehicle advertised.

(ii) No advertised offer, expression, or display of price, terms, down payment, trade-in allowances, cash difference, savings, or other material terms may be misleading and any necessary qualifications shall be clearly, conspicuously, and accurately set forth to prevent misunderstanding.

(iii) Qualifying terms and phrases shall be clearly, conspicuously, and accurately set forth as follows:

(A) in bold print and in type of a size that is capable of being read without unreasonable extra effort;

(B) in terms that are understandable to the buying public; and

(C) in close proximity to the qualified representation and not separated or buried by asterisk in some other part of the advertisement.

(bb) An advertisement must disclose that a vehicle is a salvage vehicle with a branded title or salvage certificate. The disclosure shall be made by inserting the terms “salvage certificate” or “branded title,” as appropriate:

(i) immediately following the year, make, and model of the advertised salvage vehicle; and

(ii) in the same typeface and point size as the typeface and font size used to advertise the year, make, and model of the salvage vehicle.

KEY: taxation, motor vehicles

Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment: October 22, 2015

Notice of Continuation: January 3, 2012

Authorizing, and Implemented or Interpreted Law: 41-1a-712; 41-3-105; 41-3-201; 41-3-202; 41-3-210; 41-3-301; 41-3-302; 41-3-305; 41-3-503; 41-3-505; 41-3-506; 41-3-507